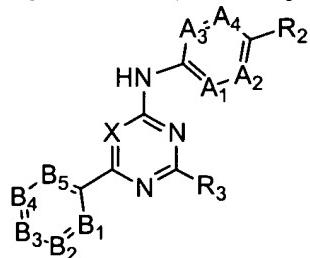


**Amendments To The Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof or salt thereof, wherein:

X is CR<sub>x</sub> or N;

R<sub>x</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, amino, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

A<sub>1</sub> is CH or N;

A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> and A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>a</sub> or N, such that no more than two of A<sub>1</sub>-A<sub>4</sub> are N;

B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH or N;

B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or CR<sub>b</sub>, such that at least one of B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> is CR<sub>b</sub>;

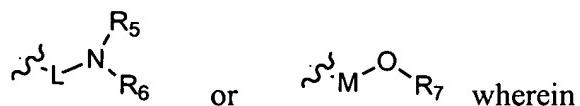
R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> are independently selected at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl; and

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from:

(i) cyano; and

(ii) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl and groups of the formula:



L is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

M is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are:

- (a) independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl and groups that are joined to L to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, such that at least one of R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> is not hydrogen; or
- (b) joined to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl; and

R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, or a group that is joined to M to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

wherein each of (ii) is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof according to claim 1, wherein one or two of B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> are CR<sub>b</sub>, and wherein each R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen from halogen, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido.

3. (Cancelled).

4. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof according to claim 2, wherein one of B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> is CR<sub>b</sub>, and wherein R<sub>b</sub> is chosen from fluoro, chloro, cyano, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, ethoxy, or trifluoromethyl.

5. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof according to claim 2, wherein at least one R<sub>b</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy.

6. (Cancelled).

7. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to any one of claims 1-5~~claim 1~~, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl; or R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl or azepanyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl.

8. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to any one of claims 1-7~~claim 1~~, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl.

9. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to any one of claims 1-8~~claim 1~~, wherein each R<sub>a</sub> is independently chosen from amino, cyano, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido.

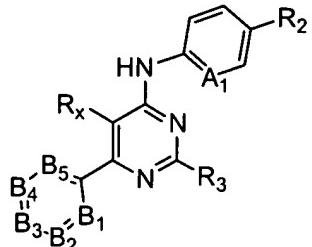
10. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to claim 9, wherein A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are CH, and A<sub>3</sub> and A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or CR<sub>a</sub>.

11. (Cancelled).

12. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to any one of claims 1-11~~claim 1~~, wherein X is CR<sub>x</sub> and R<sub>x</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, nitro, methylsulfonyl, methyl, ethyl or amino.

13. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~<sup>salt thereof</sup> according to claim 12, wherein R<sub>x</sub> is halogen, nitro, methylsulfonyl, methyl, ethyl or amino.

14. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, having the formula:



wherein:

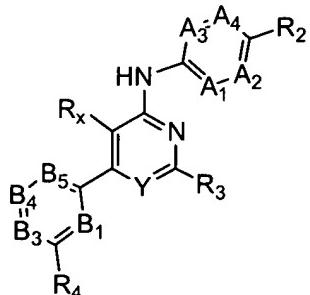
B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH or N;

B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or CR<sub>b</sub>, wherein each R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen from halogen, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamide; and

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl or piperazinyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 2 substituents independently chosen from halogen, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino.

15-16. (Cancelled).

17. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof, wherein:

R<sub>x</sub> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, amino, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

Y is CR<sub>y</sub> or N;

R<sub>y</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl;

A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> and A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or N;

B<sub>1</sub> is CH, CR<sub>b</sub> or N;

B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or CR<sub>b</sub>;

B<sub>5</sub> is CH or N;

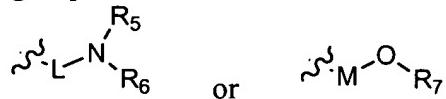
R<sub>b</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido;

R<sub>4</sub> is halogen, cyano, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from:

- (i) hydrogen, halogen and cyano; and
- (ii) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl and groups of the formula:



wherein

L is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

M is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are:

- (a) independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, and groups that are joined to L to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, such that at least one of R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> is not hydrogen; or
- (b) joined to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl; and

R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, or a group that is joined to L to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

wherein each of (ii) is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino.

18. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof according to claim 17, wherein R<sub>x</sub> is halogen, nitro, methylsulfonyl, methyl, ethyl or amino.

19. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~~~salt thereof~~ according to claim 17 or claim 18, wherein R<sub>4</sub> is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy.

20-21. (Cancelled).

22. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~~~salt thereof~~ according to ~~any one of claims 17-20~~claim 17, wherein if R<sub>4</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy then at least one of B<sub>3</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> is not carbon substituted with C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy.

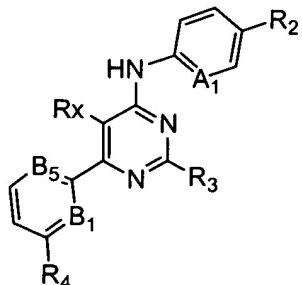
23. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~~~salt thereof~~ according to claim 17, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl.

24. (Cancelled).

25. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~~~salt thereof~~ according to ~~any one of claims 17-24~~claim 17, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl.

26-28. (Cancelled).

29. (Original) A compound according to claim 17, having the formula:



wherein:

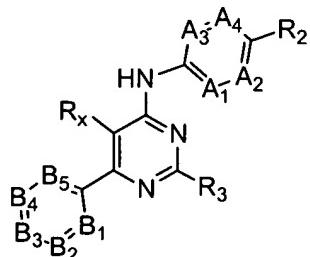
R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkylsulfonyl, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido;

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl or piperazinyl, each of which is substituted with from 0

to 2 substituents independently chosen from halogen, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;  
R<sub>4</sub> is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy; and  
B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH or N.

30-31. (Cancelled).

32. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof, wherein:

R<sub>x</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, amino, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> and A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH or N;

B<sub>1</sub> - B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>b</sub>, or N, such that one and only one of B<sub>1</sub> - B<sub>5</sub> is CR<sub>b</sub>;

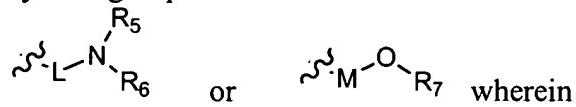
R<sub>b</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido; and

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from:

(i) hydrogen, halogen and cyano; and

(ii) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl and groups of the formula:



L is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

M is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

$R_5$  and  $R_6$  are:

- (a) independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl and groups that are joined to L to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl, such that at least one of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is not hydrogen; or
- (b) joined to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl; and

$R_7$  is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, or a group that is joined to M to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

wherein each of (ii) is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino.

33. (Original) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to claim 32, wherein R<sub>x</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methylsulfonyl or amino.

34. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to claim 32-~~or claim 33~~, wherein R<sub>b</sub> is cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy.

35. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to ~~any one of claims 32-34~~claim 32, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl.

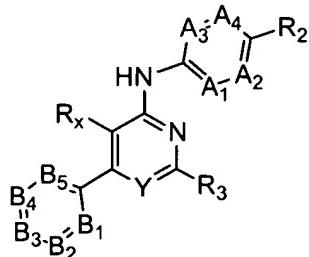
36. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to ~~any one of claims 32-36~~claim 32, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen.

37. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to ~~any one of claims 32-36~~claim 32, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, amino, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)amino, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl or azepanyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl.

38. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof according to any one of claims 32-37 claim 32, wherein B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH or N.

39-40. (Cancelled).

41. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof salt thereof, wherein:

R<sub>x</sub> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

Y is CR<sub>y</sub> or N;

R<sub>y</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl;

A<sub>1</sub>-A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>a</sub> or N;

B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>b</sub> or N;

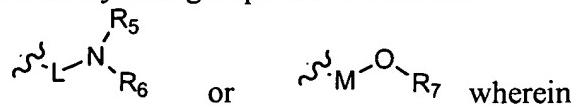
R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> are independently selected at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; and

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from:

(i) hydrogen, halogen and cyano; and

(ii) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>aminoalkyl and groups of the formula:



L is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene;

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are:

- (a) independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl; or
- (b) joined to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

such that if L is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, then R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are joined to form a heterocycloalkyl;

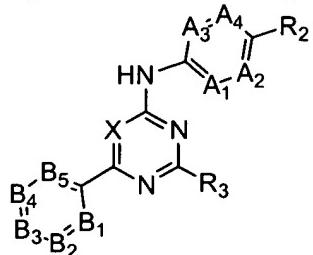
M is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylene; and

R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, or a group that is joined to M to form a 5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl;

wherein each of (ii) is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from halogen, cyano, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino.

42-48. (Cancelled).

49. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable form thereof or salt thereof, wherein:

X is CR<sub>x</sub> or N;

R<sub>x</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, cyano, amino, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>3</sub> are independently CH or N;

A<sub>2</sub> and A<sub>4</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>a</sub> or N;

B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> are independently CH, CR<sub>b</sub> or N;

R<sub>a</sub> and R<sub>b</sub> are independently selected at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, -COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydroxy, cyano, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkanone, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)sulfonamido, or mono- or di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; and

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl.

50-59. (Cancelled).

60. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition, comprising at least one compound or pharmaceutically acceptable ~~form thereof salt thereof~~ according to ~~any one of claims 1-49~~claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.

61. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 60, wherein the composition is formulated as an injectible fluid, an aerosol, a cream, a gel, a pill, a capsule, a syrup or a transdermal patch.

62-74. (Cancelled).

75. (Currently Amended) A method for treating a condition responsive to capsaicin receptor modulation in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a capsaicin receptor modulatory amount of a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable ~~form thereof salt thereof~~ according to ~~any one of claims 1-49~~claim 1, and thereby alleviating the condition in the patient.

76. (Original) A method according to claim 75, wherein the patient is suffering from (i) exposure to capsaicin, (ii) burn or irritation due to exposure to heat, (iii) burns or irritation due to exposure to light, (iv) burn, bronchoconstriction or irritation due to exposure to tear gas, air pollutants or pepper spray, or (v) burn or irritation due to exposure to acid.

77. (Original) A method according to claim 75, wherein the condition is asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

78. (Currently Amended) A method for treating pain in a patient, comprising administering to a patient suffering from pain a capsaicin receptor modulatory amount of at least one compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to any one of claims 1, 17 or 33claim 1, and thereby alleviating pain in the patient.

79-81. (Cancelled).

82. (Original) A method according to claim 78, wherein the patient is suffering from neuropathic pain.

83. (Original) A method according to claim 78, wherein the pain is associated with a condition selected from: postmastectomy pain syndrome, stump pain, phantom limb pain, oral neuropathic pain, toothache, postherpetic neuralgia, diabetic neuropathy, reflex sympathetic dystrophy, trigeminal neuralgia, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, fibromyalgia, Guillain-Barre syndrome, meralgia paresthetica, burning-mouth syndrome, bilateral peripheral neuropathy, causalgia, neuritis, neuronitis, neuralgia, AIDS-related neuropathy, MS-related neuropathy, spinal cord injury-related pain, surgery-related pain, musculoskeletal pain, back pain, headache, migraine, angina, labor, hemorrhoids, dyspepsia, Charcot's pains, intestinal gas, menstruation, cancer, venom exposure, irritable bowel syndrome, inflammatory bowel disease and trauma.

84. (Original) A method according to claim 78, wherein the patient is a human.

85-86. (Cancelled).

87. (Currently Amended) A method for treating urinary incontinence or overactive bladder in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a capsaicin receptor modulatory amount of a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to any one of claims 1-49claim 1, and thereby alleviating urinary incontinence or overactive bladder in the patient.

88. (Currently Amended) A method promoting weight loss in an obese patient, comprising administering to a patient a capsaicin receptor modulatory amount of a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable form ~~thereof~~salt thereof according to any one of claims 1-49claim 1, and thereby promoting weight loss in the patient.

89-91. (Cancelled).

92. (Currently Amended) A packaged pharmaceutical preparation, comprising:

- (a) a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 60 in a container; and
- (b) instructions for using the composition to treat pain, cough, hiccup, urinary incontinence, or overactive bladder.

93-97. (Cancelled).